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Method for estimating the reactivity of oxidation inhibitors of acrylic acid

© Evgeny T. Denisov,*⁺ and Taisa G. Denisova

Institute of problems of chemical physics. RAS. Chernogolovka, 142432. Moscow reg. Russia. *Fax:* +7 (496) 522-35-07. *E-mail:* det@icp.ac.ru

*Supervising author; ⁺Corresponding author

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Abstract

Semi-empirical method has been worked out for calculating activation energies (E) and rate constants (k) of the reactions of peroxyl and alkyl radicals of acrylic acid and oxidation inhibitors. The developed method represents a combination of two methods: the method of intersecting parabolas for calculating E and k of the reaction under investigation in non-polar solvent (hydrocarbon) and multiplicative method for calculating the enthalpy and Gibbs energy of hydrogen bond formation between O-H or N-H-bonds of the inhibitor and solvent (acrylic acid). This method was used to calculate E and k for the reactions of acrylic acid with 29 inhibitors (phenols and aromatic amines) and the reaction of oxygen with 5 semi-quinone radicals.