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Experimental research of biologically transformed deciduous species litterfall ignition by heated-up particle

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Abstract

The experimental research of ignition processes of forest fuel by heated-up particle has been conducted. As an object of research we used biologically transformed leaves of deciduous species (birch leaves). The ignition source was modeled by a single heated-up to high temperatures particle of metal. Ignition delay times from particle initial temperature were obtained. The physical mechanism of ignition of biologically transformed leaves of deciduous species is formulated.